

Grand Défi Program on "Trustworthy & Industrial AI"

Julien Chiaroni, Program Director for "Trustworthy AI for Industry"

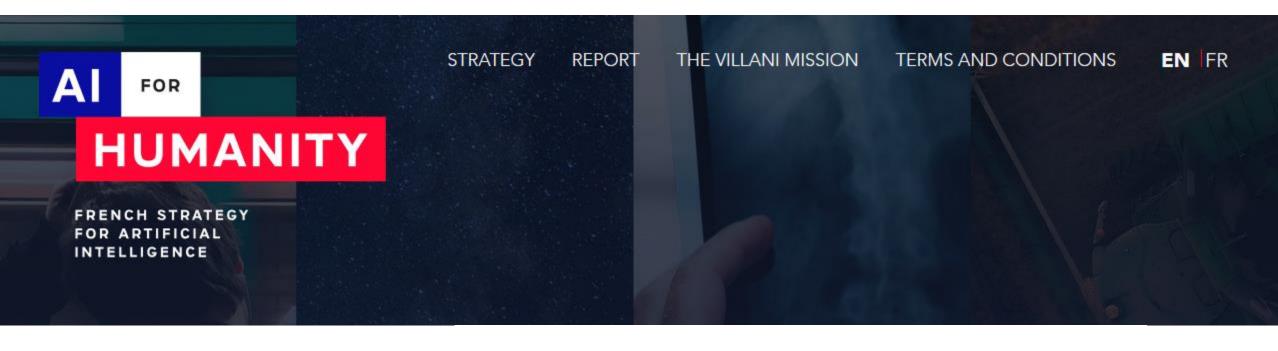
General Secretary for Investment, French Innovation Council

(with the support of many contributors, Juliette Mattioli, Roldolphe Gelin, Christophe Guettier and al.)

French Innovation Council



- Define the main priorities of the French innovation policy, supported by evaluation and prospective work
- Foster innovation policy coordination and simplify the landscape of innovation's financial support. In particular, it will ensure their good coordination with regional and European systems, with the aim of preparing our companies and our public research stakeholders to access the calls for projects most suited to their needs.
- Make recommendations on the financial resources dedicated to innovation policy, in order to encourage the emergence of breakthrough innovations and their industrialization in France
- → 5 "Grand Défis" since 2019 (Trustworthy & Certification AI, AI for Health Diagnosis, ...)





Air Liquide

Président Directeur Général Benoît Potier



Safran

Directeur Innovation et R&D Stéphane Cueille



Dassault Aviation

Président Directeur Général Éric Trappier



Thales

Président Directeur Général Patrice Caine



EDF

Président Directeur Général Jean- Bernard Lévy



Total

Président Directeur Général Patrick Pouyanné



Renault

Expert Leader IA Jean-Marc David



Valeo

Président Directeur Général Jacques Aschenbroich



Bruno Le Maire

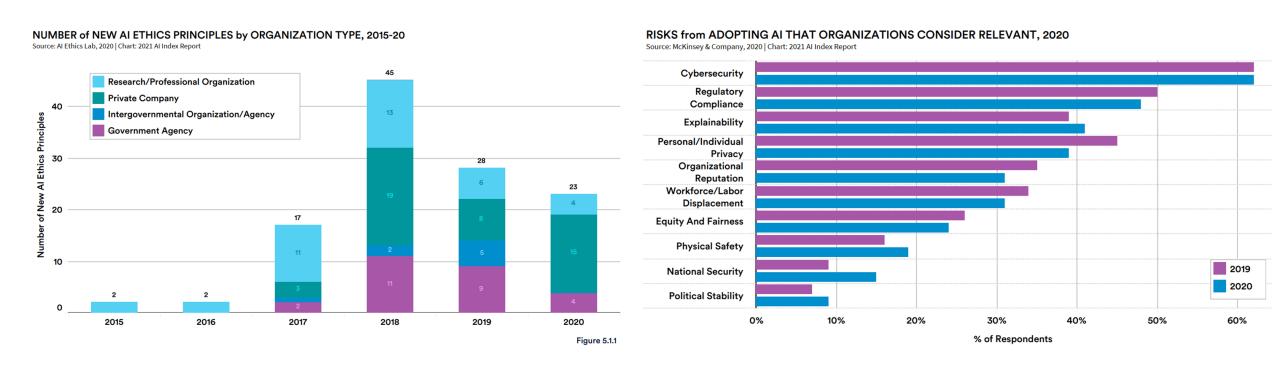
Ministre de l'Economie et des Finances

... and many others industrails

Trustworthy & Privacy: mains risks for AI adoption

2 priorities to support design, deploy and maintain Industrial AI based critical system

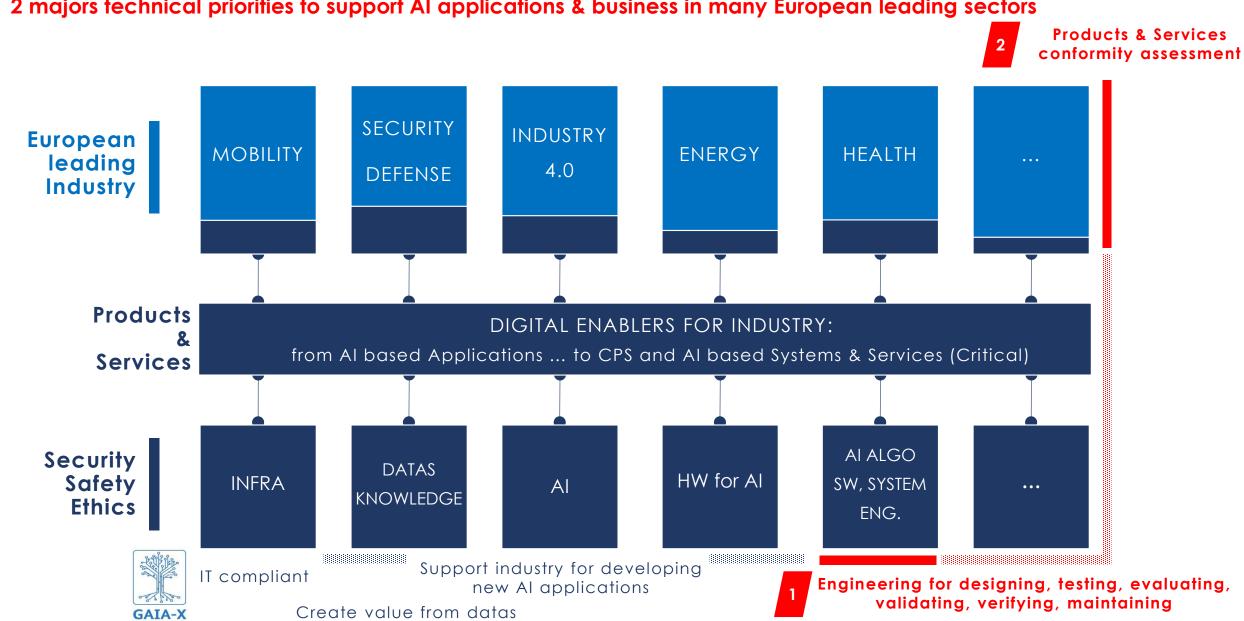




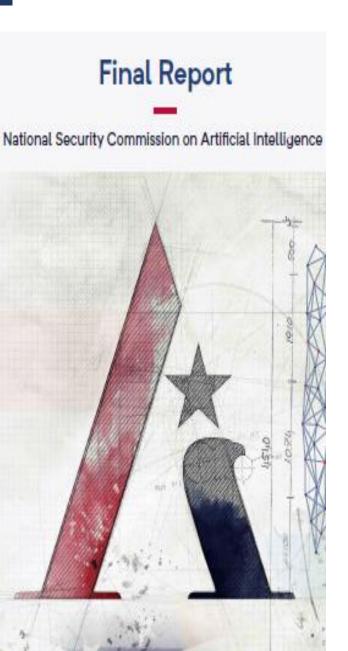
Next step: Toward technical solutions to fulfill regulatory compliance (safety, explainability, ...)

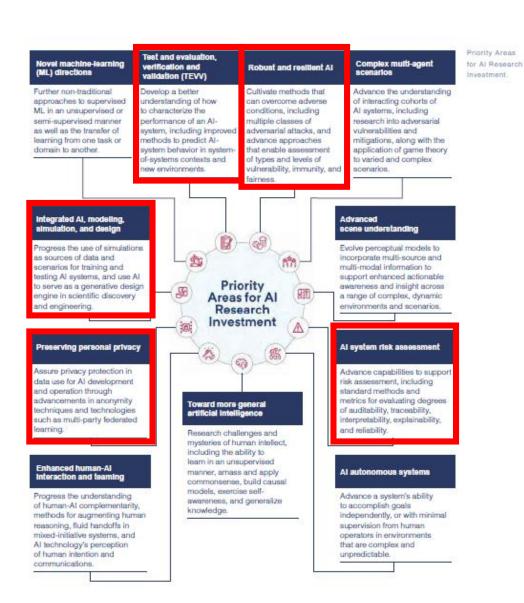
Trustworthy for Industrial AI: the race for B2B applications

2 majors technical priorities to support AI applications & business in many European leading sectors



Priorities that are also promoted by the US National Security Commission on Al





Chapter 7: Establishing Justified Confidence in Al Systems

Blueprint for Action

A Holistic Framework for Ensuring Justified Confidence in Al Systems.

- Establish a testing and evaluation, verification and validation (TEVV) framework and culture that integrates testing as a continuous part of requirements specification, development, deployment, training, and maintenance and includer run-time monitoring of operational behavior.¹⁴ An Al testing framework should:
- Establish a process for writing testable and verifiable AI requirement specifications that characterize realistic operational performance.²⁵
- Provide testing methodologies and metrics that enable evaluation of these requirements—including principles of othical and responsible AI, trustworthiness robustness, and adversarial resiliance.²⁶
- Define requirements for performance reevaluation related to new usage scenarios and environments, and distribution over time.
- Encourage incorporation of operational usage workflow and requirements from the defined use case into the testing.
- Issue data quality standards to appropriately select the composition of training and testing sets.
- Support the use of common modular cognitive architectures within suitable application domains that expose standard interface points for test harnessing supporting scalability through increased automation along with federated development and testing.
- Support a cyclical DevSecOps-based approach, starting on the inside and working outward, with Al components, system integration, human-machine interfaces, and operations (includina human-All and multi-Al interactions).
- o Remain flexible enough to support diverse missions with changing requirements
- Extend existing and develop new TEVV methods and book to dealing with complex, shochastic, and non-ratibinary systems, including the design of experiments, real-time monitoring of states and behaviors, and the analysis of results. These methods/hock need to account for human-system interactions (HS) and their impact on system behavior, system-system interactions and their effect on emergent behavior across a group of systems, and adversarial attacks, via both conventional cyberattacks, and nascent perceptual adversarial All attacks. Risk assurance concepts should be extended beyond simple "stop-light" charts of consequence and likelihood for a risk being realized and leverage tools that support developing assurance cases that present verifiable claims about system behavior and provide reviewable orguments and evidence to support the claims.²⁷
- Make TEVV tools and capabilities readily available across the DoD, including
 downloadable and configurable al TEV software stacks.³⁸ In addition, the DoD should
 ensure tools that support TEV and reliability and robustness goals are available
 department-wide including tools for bias detection, asplainability, and documentation
 across the product life cycle (c.g. of date inputs and system outputs).
- Update existing and create new live, virtual, and constructive test ranges for
 AL-enabled systems (blending modeling and simulation, augmented reality, and
 cyber physical system environmental, Upgraded test ranges should include livevirtual-constructive environments, the ability to explaure data from testing, and the
 ability to evaluate data from operations. They should support: 1) The full exploration
 of potential system states and behaviors over a range of nurinities and fidelity levels;

French Program "Grand Defi" on Trustworthy AI for Industry (Launched In 2019)

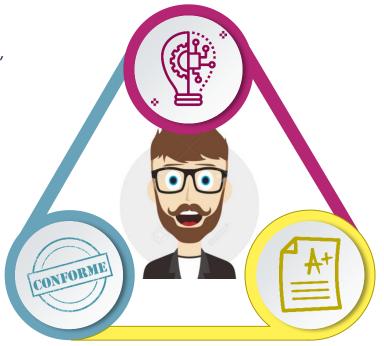
How to design, deploy, maintain, certify AI based critical systems?





DATAS, AI ALGO, SW, SYSTEMS engineering to design, deploy and maintain AI based critical system

... industry strongly involved in programs, especially Al Manifesto members



... Cooperation with French basic research Initiatives, such as Aniti or DatalA, and academic research

Norms pillar

Norm, standard and regulation environment toward certification



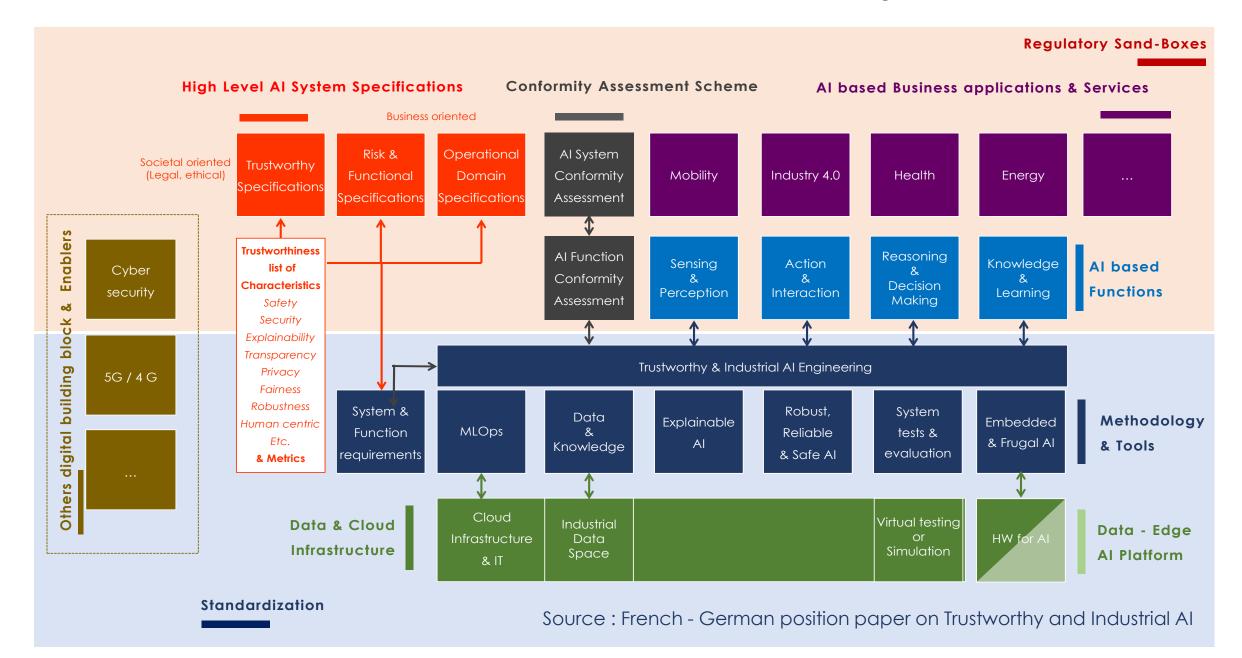
Applications conformity assessment Pillar

Ensure the right

operational exploitation

Toward global strategy with coordinated programs and funding (Private, Public)

A standardization and technical framework for Trustworthy and Industrial Al



Technological pillar : Confiance.ai

Confiance.ai

- Methods, guidelines and interoperable tools for designing, testing, evaluating, validating, deploying and maintaining AI based Critical Systems and Services (safety, business)
- 4 main applications: autonomous systems, Supervisory and planning systems, Engineering optimization systems, Optimizing processes and services
- Technological Road-Map with cross-sectorial expression of needs:
 - Expression of needs is shared by X-sectors industries (roughly 75% of topics). common project is strategic to share competencies, risks, funding and foster disruptive innovation in this field.
 - List of 20 major industrial issues* (structured by products and services life cycle)
 - List of 22 major technological barriers* (structured by main topics)
 - List of use cases (more than 40) to support R&T
- Common team located in Paris-Saclay and Toulouse

French Program "confiance.ai": 45 M€ for 4 years duration



Industrial Partners





Atos





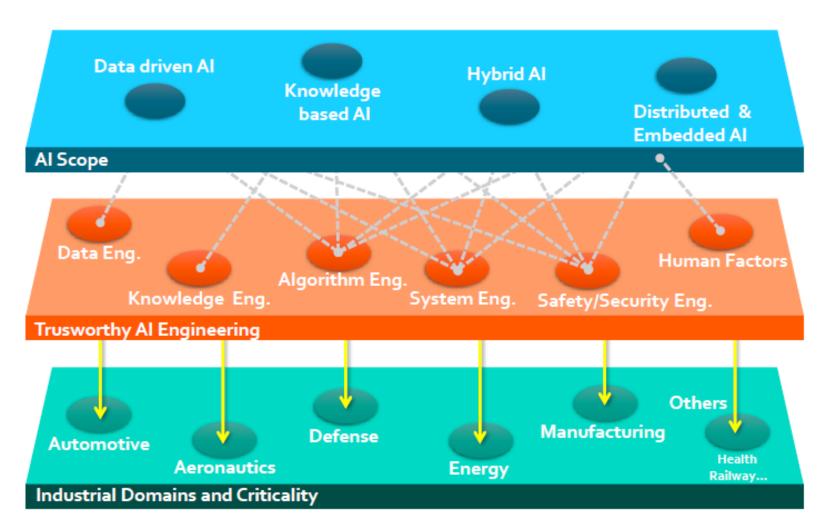












Academic & RTO partners









... Cooperation also with French basic research Initiatives and ecosystems

Trustworthy

Trustworthiness list of

Characteristics

Safety

Security

Explainability

Transparency

Privacy

Fairness

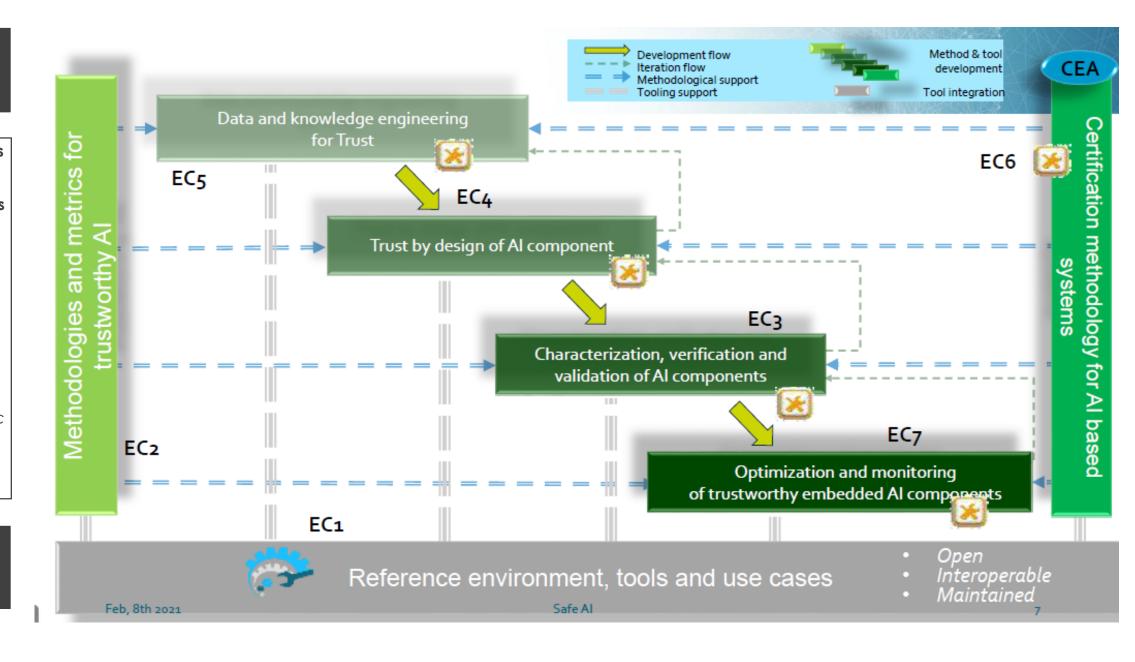
Robustness

Human centric

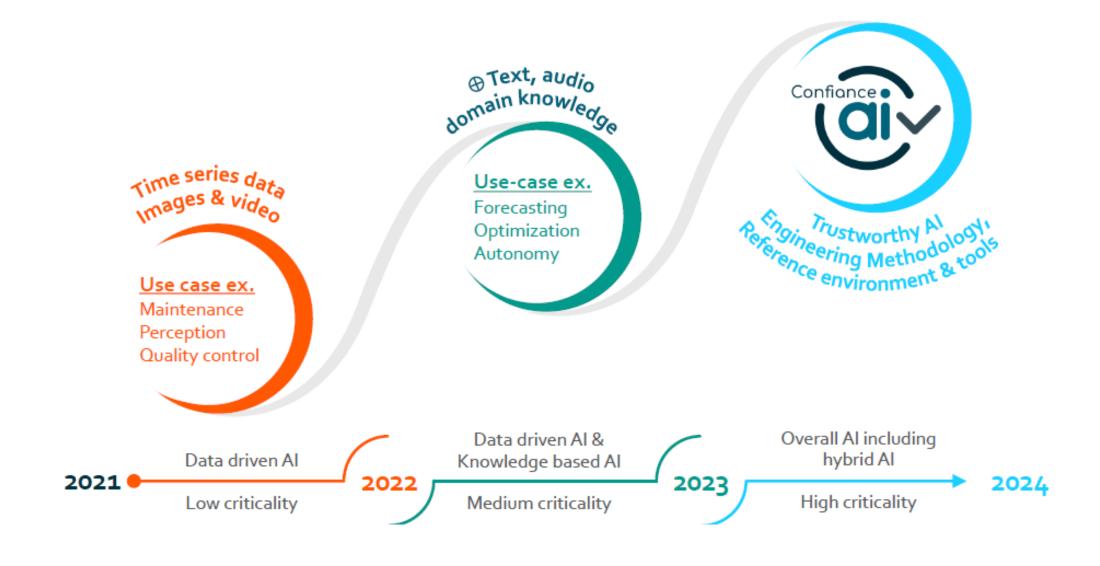
Etc.

& Metrics

Human Oversight



An incremental roadmap supported by various use cases



A non exhaustive view of the Trustworthy Al Ecosystem



Applications conformity assessment Pillar:

PRISSMA, a 1st platform on New Autonomous Mobility

Evaluation, homologation and certification Pillar



- Toward evaluation, homologation and certification: complementary programs to ensure "end to end" approaches and specificities for AI applications (mobility, ...) in cooperation with academic, industrial ecosystems and regulation autorithies
- Applications oriented Programs (first for Autonomous mobility, on going work on proposal, kick-off beginning of Q4 2020 – 3 years) in accordance to sectorial road map to face all the challenges and infrastructures required to homologate and certify products or services
- Common team from Academic laboratories, RTO, Industries and regulation
 Authorities

Toward homologation for New Autonomous Mobility

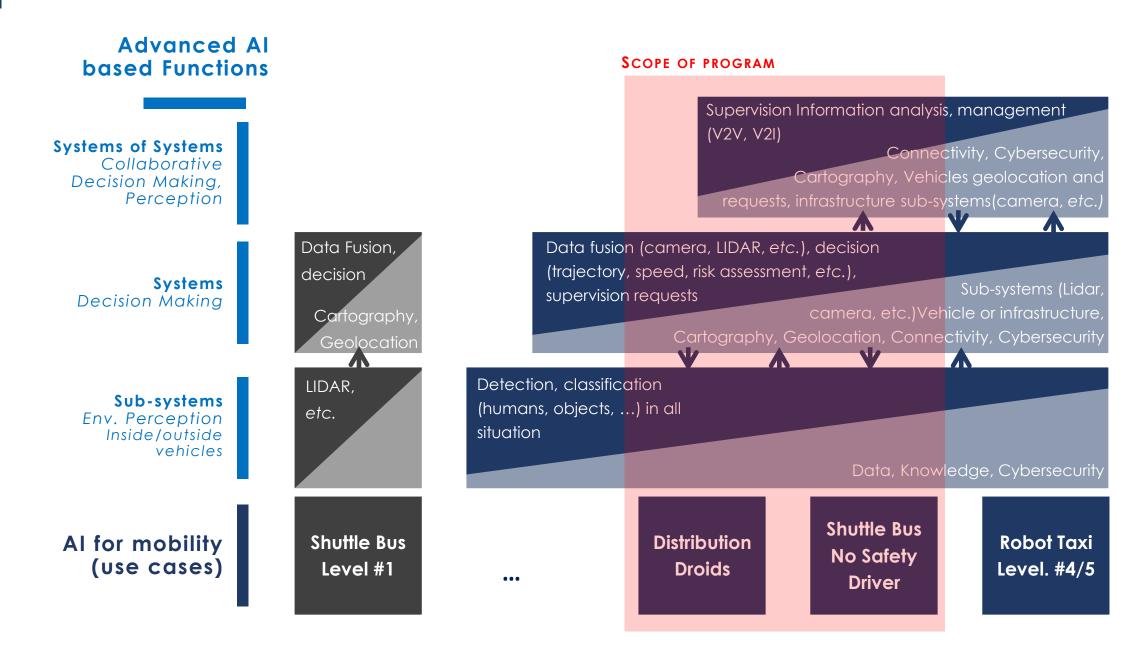


Covering "end to end" approach for homologation of systems and integration with a
focus on perception and localization and a focus on collective public transportation
(such as bus ...)

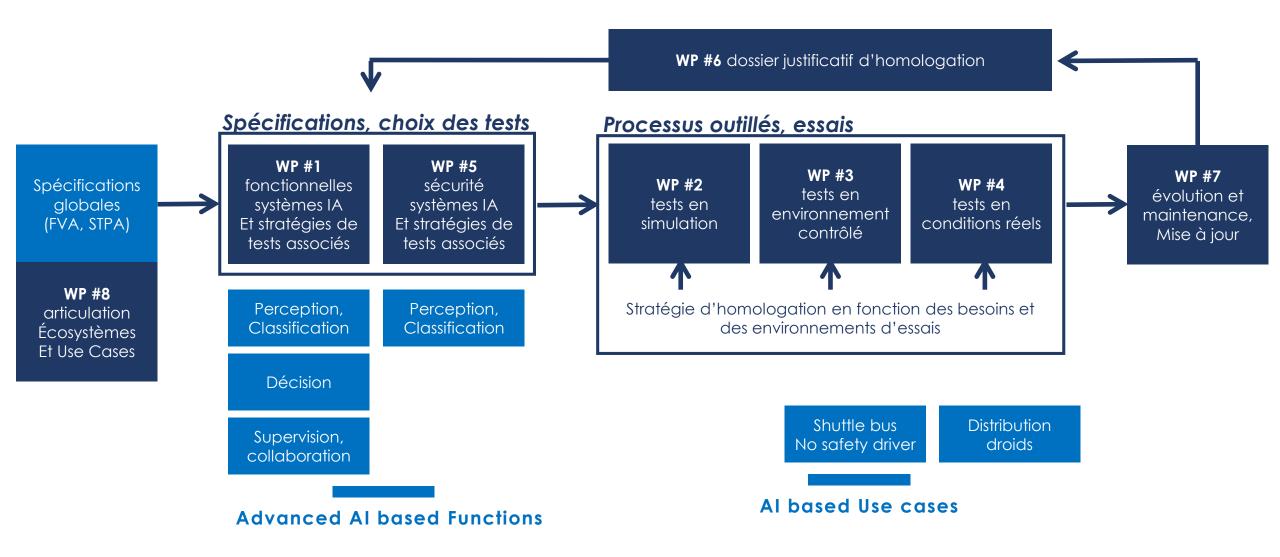
Partners:

- Leader
- Industry and technological Providers
- Academic
- Evaluation Road-Map with an articulation with on-going initiatives: 1) Datas and scenario, 2) simulation and evaluation, 3) tests, 4) cybersecurity (focus on Al issues)
- Willing to set up a transversal use case with "confiance.ai" technological pillar

#AI for mobility: Program Today in terms of Applications



#PRISSMA: Project Descrption



Standardization Pillar:

Standardization pillar (Pilot: AFNOR)



- Setup a standardization road map (and priorities): common work between R&T Team (Pillar 1) and Standardization Team (Pillar 3); use R&T road map already available to build a coordinated road map on standardization; in parallel consolidation with ecosystems through request for information, ...
- Set up international cooperation to promote common vision on standardization for AI
 at EU and international level
- Ecosystems & Network: setup an information sharing plateform with national ecosystems, support start-up, fostering initiatives for Startups, SMEs and academic laboratories in order to involve them on standardization work, ...
- Support standardization works in accordance with strategy and road-map

Trustworthy and Industrial AI: a proposed regulation in Europe

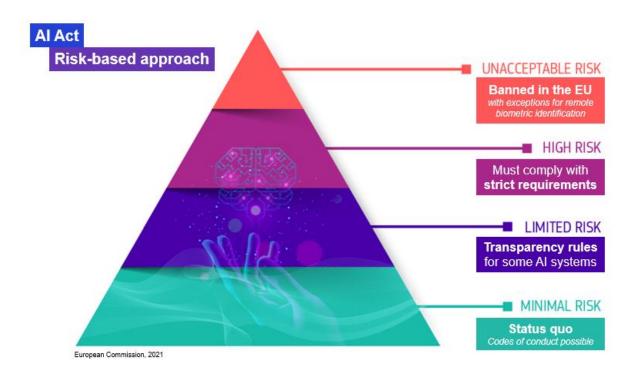


Brussels, 21.4.2021 COM(2021) 206 final 2021/0106 (COD)

Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

LAYING DOWN HARMONISED RULES ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE ACT) AND AMENDING CERTAIN UNION LEGISLATIVE ACTS



Against this political context, the Commission puts forward the proposed regulatory framework on Artificial Intelligence with the following specific objectives:

- ensure that AI systems placed on the Union market and used are safe and respect existing law on fundamental rights and Union values;
- ensure legal certainty to facilitate investment and innovation in AI;
- enhance governance and effective enforcement of existing law on fundamental rights and safety requirements applicable to AI systems;
- facilitate the development of a single market for lawful, safe and trustworthy AI
 applications and prevent market fragmentation.



Thank You for your Attention